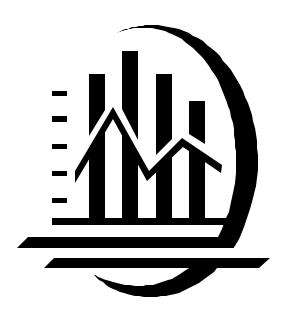
# JUVENILE DETENTION PROFILE SURVEY



## SECOND QUARTER 2004

Board of Corrections
Facilities Standards and Operations Division
600 Bercut Drive
Sacramento CA 95814
(916) 445-5073
www.bdcorr.ca.gov

## JUVENILE DETENTION PROFILE SURVEY

## **EXPLANATION OF RESULTS**

The following link titles contain the Juvenile Detention Profile Survey results for the Second Quarter of 2004. <u>Capacity, Population and ADP Breakdown</u> contains totals for major categories such as Highest One-Day Population, Average Daily Population (ADP), gender, and the age range of detained minors. <u>Summary of Survey Results</u> contains information about a wide range of juvenile detention facility issues including crowding, the minor's mental health needs, average length of stay, and number of bookings and <u>Breakdown of Juveniles in Detention</u> contains information regarding counties' ADP and BRC breakdown.

<u>Juvenile Hall Data – Part 1 & 2, and Camp Data</u> contain trend information compiled from the first five full years of data collection, 1999 through 2003, and data from the first and second quarters of 2004. Each quarter, these trend sheets are updated to reflect the current quarters' data. The trend data is separated into Juvenile Hall related data and Camp related data.

Please keep the following in mind when reviewing this information:

- For Overall Capacity, Crowding (highest one-day population-the count of minors in detention on the day of each county's highest population) and ADP (the average daily detention population for the reporting period), we have complete data from all jurisdictions in the state that operate juvenile detention facilities.
- Each jurisdiction provides us with the average population, computed across all the days in the month, for each of the three months in the quarter. The weighted average across the three months is then computed for each jurisdiction (with the monthly averages weighted by the number of days in the month). The jurisdictions ADPs are then summed to produce the state's total ADP.
- For some variables (other than ADP), we did not receive data from all jurisdictions. We compute the percentage of the ADP that was housed in the jurisdictions that <u>did</u> supply their data for the variable in question. Next, we increase the received number for the variable in question by an amount that estimates the statewide total.
- Felony/misdemeanor, gender counts, and age-range breakdowns are based upon a one-day snapshot (the day being the 15<sup>th</sup> of the final month of the quarter). These values are used to determine the percentage of the population in each felony/misdemeanor, gender, and age-category. The percentages are then applied to the Total ADP to project the expected ADP in each of the felony/misdemeanor, gender, and age-range categories.

## California Board of Corrections Juvenile Detention Profile Survey - 2nd Quarter, 2004 Overall Capacity, Population and ADI

	Overall Capacity and Population							
	JUVENILE HALL			PS	OTHE	R	TOTA	L
ADP	6,561	.7	4,313	3.2	2,753	3.8	13,628	3.7
Percent of Total	48.19	48.1%		%	20.20	%	100.0%	
BRC *	7,221	.4	5,45	5.5			12,677	<b>'</b> .0
High One Day	7,273.0 4,4		4,45	7.0			11,730	0.0
		Gei	nder by De	etention	Туре			
	JUVENILE	HALL	CAM	PS	OTHE	R	TOTA	L
GENDER	ADP	%	ADP	%	ADP	%	ADP	%
Male	5,352.0	81.6%	3,852.6	89.3%	2,265.6	82.3%	11,470.1	84.2%
Female	1,209.7	18.4%	460.7	10.7%	488.2	17.7%	2,158.5	15.8%
TOTAL	6,561.7	100.0%	4,313.2	100.0%	2,753.8	100.0%	13,628.7	100.0%
	Dis	spositio	n by Gend	er for Ju	venile Hall	S		
MALE FEI				FEMALE		TOTA	L	
DISPOSITION	Num	ber	%	Nu	mber	%	Number	%
Pre-Disposition	3,20	3.2	59.9%	6	98.9	57.8%	3,902.1	59.5%
Post-Disposition	2,14	8.8	40.1%	5	10.8	42.2%	2,659.6	40.5%
TOTAL	5,35	2.0	100.0%	1,209.7		100.0%	6,561.7	100.0%
	Dis	position	by Gende	er for Oth	er Detentio	on		
		MALE			FEMALE		TOTA	L
DISPOSITION	Num	ber	%	Nu	mber	%	Number	%
Pre-Disposition	1,30	8.6	57.8%	3	09.5	63.4%	1,618.1	58.8%
Post-Disposition	956	5.9	42.2%	1	78.7	36.6%	1,135.7	41.2%
TOTAL	2,26	5.6	100.0%	4	88.2	100.0%	2,753.8	100.0%
	Age Ran	ge by Ty	pe of Dete	ention (C	ne-Day Sn	apshot)		
	JUVI	ENILE HA	LL		CAMPS		TOTA	L
AGE RANGES	Num	ber	%	Nu	mber	%	Number	%
Under 12	29	.0	0.4%		0.0	0.0%	29.0	0.3%
12 to 14	976	5.8	14.8%	3	56.3	8.4%	1,333.1	12.3%
15 to 17	5,09	8.0	77.4%	3,	167.6	74.3%	8,265.6	76.1%
18 Over	486		7.4%		40.6	17.4%	1,227.0	11.3%
TOTAL	6,59	0.2	100.0%	4,2	264.6	100.0%	10,854.7	100.0%

<sup>\*</sup> BRC is Board Rated Capacity, the number of beds that comply with CCR Title 15 requirements

## County Breakdown Report - 2nd Quarter, 2004 Facilities and Alternative Detention

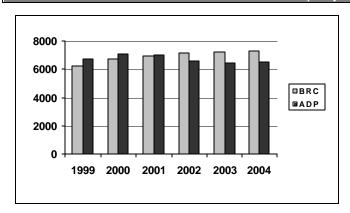
	County	Board Rated Capacity	Facilities Detention	Other Detention	ADP	Percent of Total	Cumulative Percent
1	Los Angeles	3,667	3,582.8	837.81	4,420.6	32.44%	32.44%
2	San Diego	784	687.1	195.62	882.7	6.48%	38.92%
3	Orange	764	725.1	50.10	775.2	5.69%	44.61%
4	Sacramento	436	526.4	106.95	633.3	4.65%	49.25%
5	San Bernardino	533	513.4	70.82	584.3	4.29%	53.54%
6	Santa Clara	589	333.0	208.99	542.0	3.98%	57.52%
7	Fresno	465	475.8	0.00	475.8	3.49%	61.01%
8	Alameda	404	343.0	127.63	470.6	3.45%	64.46%
9	Kern	361	403.9	50.66	454.5	3.34%	67.80%
10	Riverside	580	416.3	6.02	422.3	3.10%	70.90%
11	Contra Costa	270	226.7	185.42	412.1	3.02%	73.92%
12	San Joaquin	224	220.0	149.40	369.4	2.71%	76.63%
13	Tulare	342	181.1	123.39	304.5	2.23%	78.87%
14	San Mateo	223	233.3	25.05	258.4	1.90%	80.76%
15	Stanislaus	135	124.2	125.78	250.0	1.83%	82.60%
16	Ventura	420	167.1	59.70	226.8	1.66%	84.26%
17	Santa Barbara	202	148.4	62.34	210.7	1.55%	85.81%
18	Sonoma	168	120.0	51.30	171.3	1.26%	87.07%
19	Monterey	227	128.2	28.58	156.8	1.15%	88.22%
20	Kings	123	101.2	40.35	141.5	1.04%	89.25%
21	Solano	118	109.3	29.79	139.0	1.02%	90.27%
22	San Francisco	216	118.0	0.00	118.0	0.87%	91.14%
23	Madera	134	70.2	45.96	116.2	0.85%	91.99%
24	Shasta	116	99.7	0.00	99.7	0.73%	92.73%
25	Merced	42	43.3	56.37	99.7	0.73%	93.46%
26	Colusa	162	79.3	0.00	79.3	0.58%	94.04%
27 28	Butte	80 72	66.1 43.2	0.00	66.1	0.48% 0.46%	94.52% 94.98%
28	Imperial Yuba	120	43.2 61.3	19.38 0.00	62.6 61.3	0.46% 0.45%	94.98%
30	Humboldt	44	41.4	15.66	57.0	0.42%	95.85%
31	Placer	55	46.0	6.67	52.7	0.39%	96.24%
32	San Luis Obispo	45	29.2	20.74	50.0	0.37%	96.60%
33	El Dorado	40	34.0	12.68	46.7	0.34%	96.95%
34	Santa Cruz	42	26.0	15.75	41.8	0.31%	97.25%
35	Del Norte	62	41.4	0.00	41.4	0.30%	97.56%
36	Yolo	30	35.9	0.00	35.9	0.26%	97.82%
37	Tehama	40	33.7	0.66	34.4	0.25%	98.07%
38	Lake	40	34.4	0.00	34.4	0.25%	98.32%
39	Marin	40	24.8	9.52	34.3	0.25%	98.58%
40	Napa	34	32.9	0.40	33.3	0.24%	98.82%
41	Mendocino	43	32.2	0.19	32.3	0.24%	99.06%
42	Nevada	30	25.0	1.66	26.7	0.20%	99.25%
43	San Benito	20	19.4	3.63	23.1	0.17%	99.42%
44	Glenn	8	19.9	0.34	20.3	0.15%	99.57%
45	Siskiyou	24	16.0	1.65	17.6	0.13%	99.70%
46	Lassen	49	12.6	0.10	12.7	0.09%	99.79%
47	Inyo	14	11.1	0.00	11.1	0.08%	99.87%
48	Trinity	24	10.6	0.00	10.6	0.08%	99.95%
49	Amador	0	0.0	3.29	3.3	0.02%	99.98%
50	Tuolumne	0	0.0	1.95	1.9	0.01%	99.99%
51	Mono	4	1.0	0.00	1.0	0.01%	100.00%
52	Plumas	8	0.2	0.05	0.2	0.00%	100.00%
53	Mariposa	4	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00%	100.00%
54	Sierra	0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00%	100.00%
		12,677	10,874.9	2,753.8	13,628.7	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup>ADP on County Breakdown Report may not equal ADP on other Summary Reports due to rounding

Juvenile Detention Profile Survey										
2nd Quarter			One Day	Snapsho	t		Averag	e Daily P	opulation	1
		Misde	meanor	Fel	ony	Pre-Dis	Pre-Disposition Post-Di			
Report 2004	Board Rated Capacity	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total ADP
Juvenile Halls	7,221.4	12.3%	4.3%	27.0%	4.7%	3,203.2	698.9	2,148.8	510.8	6,561.7
Camps / Ranches	5,455.5	8.1%	1.6%	20.0%	1.8%			3,852.6	460.7	4,313.2
Other Juveniles	s in the System	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total ADP
Juveniles on home supervision	with electronic monitoring	2.9%	1.0%	5.7%	1.2%	845.2	182.8	463.8	86.6	1,578.4
Juveniles on home supervision	without electronic monitoring	2.3%	0.8%	2.9%	0.6%	460.1	123.9	198.6	50.5	833.0
Juveniles alternative confineme	nt programs	1.0%	0.2%	1.4%	0.1%	3.4	2.8	294.6	41.6	342.3
Grand 1	Totals	26.6%	7.9%	57.1%	8.5%	4,511.8	1,008.3	6,958.3	1,150.2	13,628.7
Noveles and assessmental least	h anna da'a dan	Ment	al Health	Snapsho	ot				1	0.000.4
Number of open mental healt	•									3,636.1
Number of juveniles receiving	g psychotropic medication			,					<u> </u>	1,431.7
Access of the second of the section		DUE TO	Crowdi						1	00.7
Average daily population of ju			LACK OF S	SPACE						68.7
Number of juveniles released	•			D I D.						209.0
Average number of days that	one or more facilities in a c		e Bookin			city				22.0
Number of Juvenile Hall book	ings/admissions	Averag	e Bookiii	ys i ei wi	Ontil				1	9,603.5
Number of bookings for wear										734.1
Number of 601 bookings						34.3				
Number of 777 bookings						1,804.6				
Number of direct file (WIC 60)	2(b) and 707(d)} bookings									74.2
		onth of t	he Quarte	er (One-D	ay Snaps	hot)				
Detained for 707b Offense										817.0
Awaiting placement										632.5
Awaiting transport to a camp										530.9
Awaiting transfer to Youth A	uthority									100.1
Court commitments to juvenile	e hall (Ricardo M)									840.7
Found unfit per 707.01 WIC										91.7
Direct files to Adult Court-602	2(b) and 707(d) WIC									174.1
Hospitalized outside detention	facility for MEDICAL CARE									2.1
Hospitalized outside detention	facility for MENTAL HEALTI	H CARE								8.5
Believed to be criminal illegal	aliens									344.3
		Aver	rage Leng	th of Sta	y					
Juvenile Hall (all releases)										22.0
Juvenile Hall to Camps										30.6
Juvenile Hall to other out-of-h		homes o	r foster ho	mes)						33.6
Juvenile Hall who were found unfit (per juvenile court)							186.9			
Juvenile Hall who were direc	t filings to adult court									184.8
Camps (all releases)										103.3
		Cumulat	ive Total			., 1				
A 16 1 1 11 11 11	Detention Behavior			J	uvenile H	alls (	Camps / F			Detention
Assualts by juveniles on staf	TT				139.6		6.3			0.0
Escapes					9.4		174.			0.0
Suicide Attempts					168.0		8.4			0.0
Suicides	Suicides         0.0         0.0								0.0	

## Second Quarter Report, 2004 - Juvenile Hall Data

## Board Rated Capacity BRC and ADP for Juvenile Halls

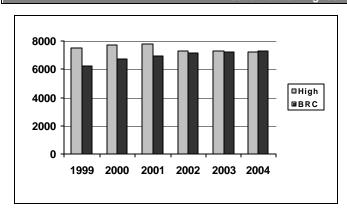


Summary of Juvenile Hall ADP							
1999	1999 2000 2001 2002 2003						
6,759	7,099	6,984	6,580	6,454			

The decline in the juvenile crime rate, in terms of both misdemeanor and felony arrests that began in 1998, continued through 2003. The juvenile hall ADP that peaked in the 2nd Quarter of 2001 (7,278 juveniles) also declined steadily through 2003. Although we do not have crime-rate data from 2004 as yet the ADP decline might be leveling off. The ADP for the 1st and 2nd Quarters combined (6,522 juveniles) is slightly higher than the ADP for 2003 calendar year (6454). At this point, the ADP is more than 700 juveniles below the highest recorded quarterly ADP. Next quarter's results should answer the question regarding whether the juvenile hall ADP will continue to decline, or whether the ADP will begin to rise again as has happened recently in the adult system.

2004 Summary of Juvenile Hall ADP					
Q1 Q2 A					
6,481	6,562			6,522	

## Juvenile Hall Highest One-Day Population and BRC

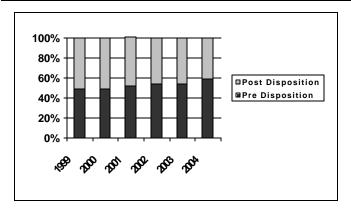


Su	Summary of Juvenile Hall Highest One Day					
1999 2000 2001 2002 2003						
7,514	7,728	7,770	7,289	7,320		

The quarterly ADP for the 1st and 2nd Quarters of 2004 is the average daily population over that span of time. We also record the highest one-day population during that same span of time. While the ADP is a good statistic for measuring trends, it is not the best statistic for determining the demand for bed space. For that we use the highest one-day population. In the 2nd Quarter of 2004, the highest one-day population in juvenile halls was 7,273 (or 10.8% higher than the ADP). On the highest day, the demand for bed space exceeded the juvenile hall collective BRC (Board Rated Capacity) by about 50 juveniles.

2004 Summary of Highest One-Day Population					
Q1 Q2 Average					
7,219	7,273			7,246	

#### Pre-Disposition in Juvenile Halls



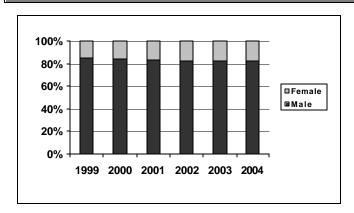
L	Summary of Pre-Disposition in Juvenile Halls					
	1999 2000 2001 2002 2003					
	49%	49%	52%	54%	54%	

For 2003, the pre-disposition ADP was 3,481 juveniles (54% of the total ADP), and the post-disposition ADP was 2,973 juveniles. By the 2nd Quarter of 2004, the pre-disposition ADP had risen to 3,902 juveniles (59% of the total ADP) versus the post-disposition total of 2,660 juveniles. The percentage of pre-disposition juveniles has risen 10 percentage points (from 49% to 59%) since the inception of the Juvenile Detention Survey in 1999. This increase has significant implications for the operation of juvenile halls in California. As the percentage of pre-disposition juveniles rises, increased pressure exists to house post-disposition juveniles. In addition, pre-disposition juveniles are more expensive to house due to the increased staff time associated wit juvenile court obligations.

L	2004 Summary of Pre-Disposition Juvenile Halls					
	Q1 Q2 Average					
	59%	59%			59%	

## Second Quarter Report, 2004 - Juvenile Hall Data

## Gender Distribution in Juvenile Halls

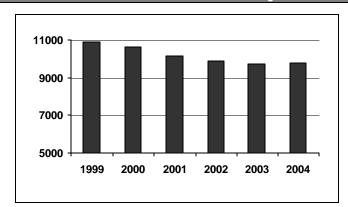


Males substantially outnumber females in both the adult and juvenile detention systems. Currently, in juvenile halls, males make up 82% of the total population. This is an important statistic to track because if the percentage of females were to increase, a has been happening in the adult system, there would be important implications for a number of detention system factors related to facility design and management. However, the last two and a half years, the percentage of females in juvenile halls has remained stable at 18%.

Summary of Males in Juvenile Halls					
1999 2000 2001 2002 2003					
85%	84%	83%	82%	82%	

I	2004 Summary of Males in Juvenile Hall					
	Q1 Q2 A					
	82%	82%			82%	

## Average Number of Juveniles Booked per Month

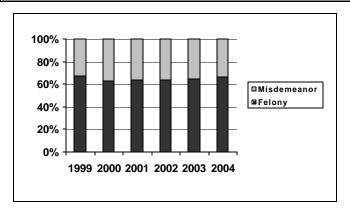


The average number of bookings per month varies substantially by quarter. Typically the 2nd Quarter has the highest bookings per month. In the 2nd Quarter of 2003, the average number of bookings per month was 10,256. In contrast, in the 2nd Quarter of 2004, the bookings per month had declined to 9,604 (6.4% fewer bookings). These results suggest that, for the time being, the juvenile hall ADP will continue its declining trend.

Summary of Juveniles Booked per Month					
1999 2000 2001 2002 2003					
10,892	10,639	10,138	9,860	9,725	

	2004 Summary of Monthly Bookings					
Q1	Q1 Q2					
9	,916	9,604			9,760	

## Distribution of Charge in Juvenile Halls



ADP in the 2nd Quarter of 2004. This percentage has ranged
between 63% and 67% since 1999, and is expected to stay within
this range for the foreseeable future. Nevertheless, when the
juvenile hall population begins to rise again, as will inevitably
happen given the inexorable rise in the California general
population, we predict that the percentage of juveniles with felony
charges will rise also.

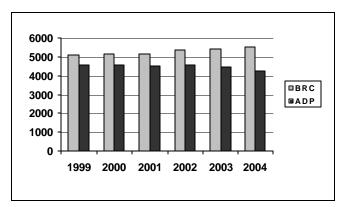
Juveniles with felony charges made up 66% of the juvenile hall

Summary of Felony Charges in Juvenile Halls					alls
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
,	67%	63%	64%	64%	65%

2004 Summary of Felony Charge Juvenile Hall					
Q1 Q2 Average					
66%	66%			66%	

## Second Quarter Report, 2004 - Camp Data

## **BRC and ADP for Camps**



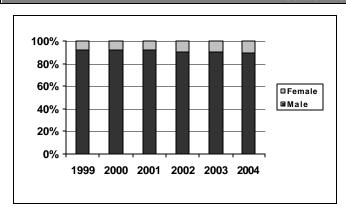
2004. If the camp ADP does not increase in the last half of 2004,
the yearly camp ADP for 2004 will be the lowest since the
inception of the Juvenile Detention Survey. This result would be
consistent with the downward trends in juvenile offending and the juvenile hall ADP.

The ADP for camps was 4,313 juveniles in the 2nd Quarter of

Summary of Camp ADP					
1999 2000 2001 2002 200					
4,566	4,551	4,489	4,547	4,466	

2004 Summary of Camp ADP					
Q1 Q2				Average	
4,159	4,313			4,236	

## Gender Distribution in Camps

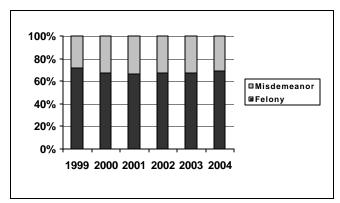


The percentage of male juveniles in camps has declined from 92% in 1999 to 89% in the 2nd Quarter of 2004. We expect the female percentage to continue to rise. One reason is that the juvenile hall female percentage is currently 18% versus only 11% in camps; and we expect the percentage of females in camps to gravitate toward the higher juvenile hall percentage. Also, county representatives have reported that there is a current trend among judges to treat males and females more alike, in terms of detention decisions, than has been true in the past.

Summary of Males in Camps				
1999 2000 2001 2002 2003				
92%	92%	92%	90%	90%

	2004 Summary of Males in Camps						
	Q1	Average					
•	89%	89%			89%		

## Distribution of Charge in Camps



Juveniles with felony charges made up 69% of the camp ADP in
the 2nd Quarter of 2004. This percentage has ranged between
66% and 72% since 1999, and is expected to stay within this
range for the foreseeable future.

Summary of Felonies in Camps					
1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	
72%	67%	66%	67%	67%	

2004 Summary of Felonies in Camps					
Q1	Q2			Average	
69%	69%			69%	

## **Instructions for Interpreting the Survey Report**

<u>Capacity, Population and ADP Breakdown</u> is designed to present the Juvenile Detention Profile Survey results for the major reporting categories.

- Capacity: this category presents the Board Rated Capacity in terms of the number of beds in juvenile halls and camps/ranches that meet the Board of Corrections (BOC) Standards.
- **High One-Day:** each jurisdiction reports for each month in the quarter, the juvenile hall and camp/ranch populations that, together, constituted the highest one-day count of the month.
- Other: this category refers to the sum of all juveniles who are receiving custody credit while on home supervision with or without electronic monitoring, or in alternative confinement programs.

Summary of Survey Results is designed to present County-specific counts.

• County-specific counts: this page identifies the ADP for each county and the percent that county contributes to the total state juvenile detention population. The counties are ranked in descending order based on their percentage of the overall juvenile detention population in the state.

<u>Breakdown of Juveniles in Detention</u> is designed to present all the remaining Juvenile Detention Profile Survey results not already listed.

- **One-Day Snapshot**: the percentages in this section are percentages of the total ADP for juvenile halls, camps/ranches, and other juveniles in the system.
- Average number of days that one or more facilities in a county exceeded the Board Rated Capacity: this value is the result of taking all of the counties "number of days of crowding" and averaging the figures submitted by all the jurisdictions. If a jurisdiction had no crowding days, that jurisdiction was not included in the computation. In other words, the value presented indicates the typical number of crowding days per month experienced by jurisdictions that have had one or more days of crowding in the Second Quarter of 2004.
- Average Length of Stay: these numbers are averages for all juveniles in each category: 1) "juvenile hall (all releases)" is computed by first taking the mean length of stay for all juveniles released from juvenile halls in a jurisdiction. Next, all the jurisdictions' means are averaged to produce a statewide figure; 2) "juvenile hall to camps/ranches" is computed in the same fashion, but includes only those juveniles released from juvenile hall and placed in a camp or ranch; 3) "juvenile hall to other out-of-home placements" presents the average length of stay for that subset of juveniles.